



Interest Rate Forecast 11 November 2024

LINK GROUP INTEREST RATE FORECAST

Updating of our forecasts 11 November 2024

| Comparison of forecasts for Bank Rate today v. previous forecast | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| Bank Rate | Dec-24 | Mar-25 | Jun-25 | Sep-25 | Dec-25 | Mar-26 | Jun-26 | Sep-26 | Dec-26 | Mar-27 | Jun-27 | Sep-27 | Dec-27 |
| 11.11.24 | 4.75 | 4.50 | 4.25 | 4.00 | 4.00 | 3.75 | 3.75 | 3.75 | 3.50 | 3.50 | 3.50 | 3.50 | 3.50 |
| 28.05.24 | 4.50 | 4.00 | 3.50 | 3.25 | 3.25 | 3.25 | 3.25 | 3.00 | 3.00 | 3.00 | - | - | - |
| Change | 0.25 | 0.50 | 0.75 | 0.75 | 0.75 | 0.50 | 0.50 | 0.75 | 0.50 | 0.50 | - | - | - |

- Following the 30 October Budget, the outcome of the US Presidential election on 6 November, and the 25bps Bank Rate cut undertaken by the Monetary Policy Committee (MPC) on 7 November, we have significantly revised our central forecasts for the first time since May. In summary, our Bank Rate forecast is now 50bps – 75bps higher than was previously the case, whilst our PWLB forecasts have been materially lifted to not only reflect our increased concerns around the future path of inflation, but also the increased level of government borrowing over the term of the current Parliament.
- If we reflect on the 30 October Budget, our central case is that those policy announcements will be inflationary, at least in the near-term. The Office for Budgetary Responsibility and the Bank of England concur with that view. The latter have the CPI measure of inflation hitting 2.5% y/y by the end of 2024 and staying sticky until at least 2026. The Bank forecasts CPI to be 2.7% y/y (Q4 2025) and 2.2% (Q4 2026) before dropping back in 2027 to 1.8% y/y.
- The anticipated major investment in the public sector, according to the Bank, is expected to lift UK real GDP to 1.7% in 2025 before growth moderates in 2026 and 2027. The debate around whether the Government's policies lead to a material uptick in growth primarily focus on the logistics of fast-tracking planning permissions, identifying sufficient skilled labour to undertake a resurgence in building, and an increase in the employee participation rate within the economy.
- There are inherent risks to all the above. The worst-case scenario would see systemic blockages of planning permissions and the inability to identify and resource the additional workforce required to deliver large-scale IT, housing and infrastructure projects. This would lead to upside risks to inflation, an increased prospect of further government borrowing & tax rises, and a tepid GDP performance.
- Our central view is that monetary policy is sufficiently tight at present to cater for some further moderate loosening, the extent of which, however, will continue to be data dependent. We forecast the next reduction in Bank Rate to be made in February and for a pattern to evolve whereby rate cuts are made quarterly and in keeping with the release of the Bank's Quarterly Monetary Policy Reports (February, May, August and November).
- Any movement below a 4% Bank Rate will, nonetheless, be very much dependent on inflation data in the second half of 2025. The fact that the November MPC rate cut decision saw a split vote of 8-1 confirms that there are already some concerns around inflation's stickiness, and with recent public sector wage increases beginning to funnel their way into headline average earnings data, the market will be looking very closely at those releases.
- Regarding our PWLB forecast, the short to medium part of the curve is forecast to remain elevated over the course of the next year, and the degree to which rates moderate will be tied to the arguments for further Bank Rate loosening or otherwise. The longer part of the curve will also be impacted by inflation factors, but there is also the additional concern that with other major developed economies such as the US and France looking to run large budget deficits there could be a glut of government debt issuance that investors will only agree to digest if the interest rates paid provide sufficient reward for that scenario.
- So far, we have made little mention of the US President election last week. Nonetheless, Donald Trump's victory paves the way for the introduction/extension of tariffs that could prove inflationary whilst the same could be said of further tax cuts and an expansion of the current US budget deficit. Invariably the direction of US Treasury yields in reaction to his core policies will, in all probability, impact UK gilt yields. So, there are domestic and international factors that could impact PWLB rates whilst, as a general comment, geo-political risks abound in Europe, the Middle East and Asia.

- Our revised PWLB rate forecasts below are based on the Certainty Rate (the standard rate minus 20 bps) which has been accessible to most authorities since 1 November 2012. Please note, the lower Housing Revenue Account (HRA) PWLB rate started on 15 June 2023 for those authorities with an HRA (standard rate minus 60 bps).

| Link Group Interest Rate View | 11.11.24 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-------------------------------|----------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| | Dec-24 | Mar-25 | Jun-25 | Sep-25 | Dec-25 | Mar-26 | Jun-26 | Sep-26 | Dec-26 | Mar-27 | Jun-27 | Sep-27 | Dec-27 |
| BANK RATE | 4.75 | 4.50 | 4.25 | 4.00 | 4.00 | 3.75 | 3.75 | 3.75 | 3.50 | 3.50 | 3.50 | 3.50 | 3.50 |
| 3 month ave earnings | 4.70 | 4.50 | 4.30 | 4.00 | 4.00 | 4.00 | 3.80 | 3.80 | 3.80 | 3.50 | 3.50 | 3.50 | 3.50 |
| 6 month ave earnings | 4.70 | 4.40 | 4.20 | 3.90 | 3.90 | 3.90 | 3.80 | 3.80 | 3.80 | 3.50 | 3.50 | 3.50 | 3.50 |
| 12 month ave earnings | 4.70 | 4.40 | 4.20 | 3.90 | 3.90 | 3.90 | 3.80 | 3.80 | 3.80 | 3.50 | 3.50 | 3.50 | 3.50 |
| 5 yr PWLB | 5.00 | 4.90 | 4.80 | 4.60 | 4.50 | 4.50 | 4.40 | 4.30 | 4.20 | 4.10 | 4.00 | 4.00 | 3.90 |
| 10 yr PWLB | 5.30 | 5.10 | 5.00 | 4.80 | 4.80 | 4.70 | 4.50 | 4.50 | 4.40 | 4.30 | 4.20 | 4.20 | 4.10 |
| 25 yr PWLB | 5.60 | 5.50 | 5.40 | 5.30 | 5.20 | 5.10 | 5.00 | 4.90 | 4.80 | 4.70 | 4.60 | 4.50 | 4.50 |
| 50 yr PWLB | 5.40 | 5.30 | 5.20 | 5.10 | 5.00 | 4.90 | 4.80 | 4.70 | 4.60 | 4.50 | 4.40 | 4.30 | 4.30 |

Gilt yields and PWLB rates

The overall longer-run trend is for gilt yields and PWLB rates to fall back over the timeline of our forecasts, but the risks to our forecasts are to the upsides. Our target borrowing rates are set **two years forward** (as we expect rates to fall back) and the current PWLB (certainty) borrowing rates are set out below: -

| PWLB debt | Current borrowing rate as at 11.11.24 p.m. | Target borrowing rate now (end of Q3 2026) | Target borrowing rate previous (end of Q3 2026) |
|-----------|--|--|---|
| 5 years | 5.02% | 4.30% | 3.90% |
| 10 years | 5.23% | 4.50% | 4.10% |
| 25 years | 5.66% | 4.90% | 4.40% |
| 50 years | 5.42% | 4.70% | 4.20% |

Borrowing advice: Our long-term (beyond 10 years) forecast for Bank Rate has been increased to 3.25% (from 3%). As all PWLB certainty rates are currently significantly above this level, borrowing strategies will need to be reviewed in that context. Overall, better value can be obtained at the shorter end of the curve and short-dated fixed LA to LA monies should also be considered. Temporary borrowing rates will, generally, fall in line with Bank Rate cuts.

Our suggested budgeted earnings rates for investments up to about three months' duration in each financial year are set out below.

| Average earnings in each year | Now | Previously |
|-------------------------------|-------|------------|
| 2024/25 (residual) | 4.60% | 4.25% |
| 2025/26 | 4.10% | 3.35% |
| 2026/27 | 3.70% | 3.10% |
| 2027/28 | 3.50% | 3.25% |
| 2028/29 | 3.50% | 3.25% |
| Years 6 to 10 | 3.50% | 3.25% |
| Years 10+ | 3.50% | 3.50% |

We will continue to monitor economic and market developments as they unfold. Typically, we formally review our forecasts following the quarterly release of the Bank of England's Monetary Policy Report but will consider our position on an ad hoc basis as required.

Our interest rate forecast for Bank Rate is in steps of 25 bps, whereas PWLB forecasts have been rounded to the nearest 10 bps and are central forecasts within bands of + / - 25 bps. Naturally, we continue to monitor events and will update our forecasts as and when appropriate.

Interest Rate Strategy Group

This report is intended for the use and assistance of customers of Link Group. It should not be regarded as a substitute for the exercise by the recipient of its own judgement. Link Group exists to provide its clients with advice primarily on borrowing and investment. We are not legal experts and we have not obtained legal advice in giving our opinions and interpretations in this paper. Clients are advised to seek expert legal advice before taking action as a result of any advice given in this paper. Whilst Link Group makes every effort to ensure that all information provided by it is accurate and complete, it does not guarantee the correctness or the due receipt of such information and will not be held responsible for any errors therein or omissions arising there from. Furthermore, Link Group shall not be held liable in contract, tort or otherwise for any loss or damage (whether direct, or indirect or consequential) resulting from negligence, delay or failure on the part of Link Group or its officers, employees or agents in procuring, presenting, communicating or otherwise providing information or advice whether sustained by Link Group customer or any third party directly or indirectly making use of such information or advice, including but not limited to any loss or damage resulting as a consequence of inaccuracy or errors in such information or advice. All information supplied by Link Group should only be used as a factor to assist in the making of a business decision and should not be used as a sole basis for any decision. Treasury services are provided by Link Treasury Services Limited (registered in England and Wales No. 2652033).

Link Treasury Services Limited is authorised and regulated by the Financial Conduct Authority only for conducting advisory and arranging activities in the UK as part of its Treasury Management Service, FCA register number 150403. Registered office: 6th Floor, Central Square, 29 Wellington Street, Leeds. LS1 4DL